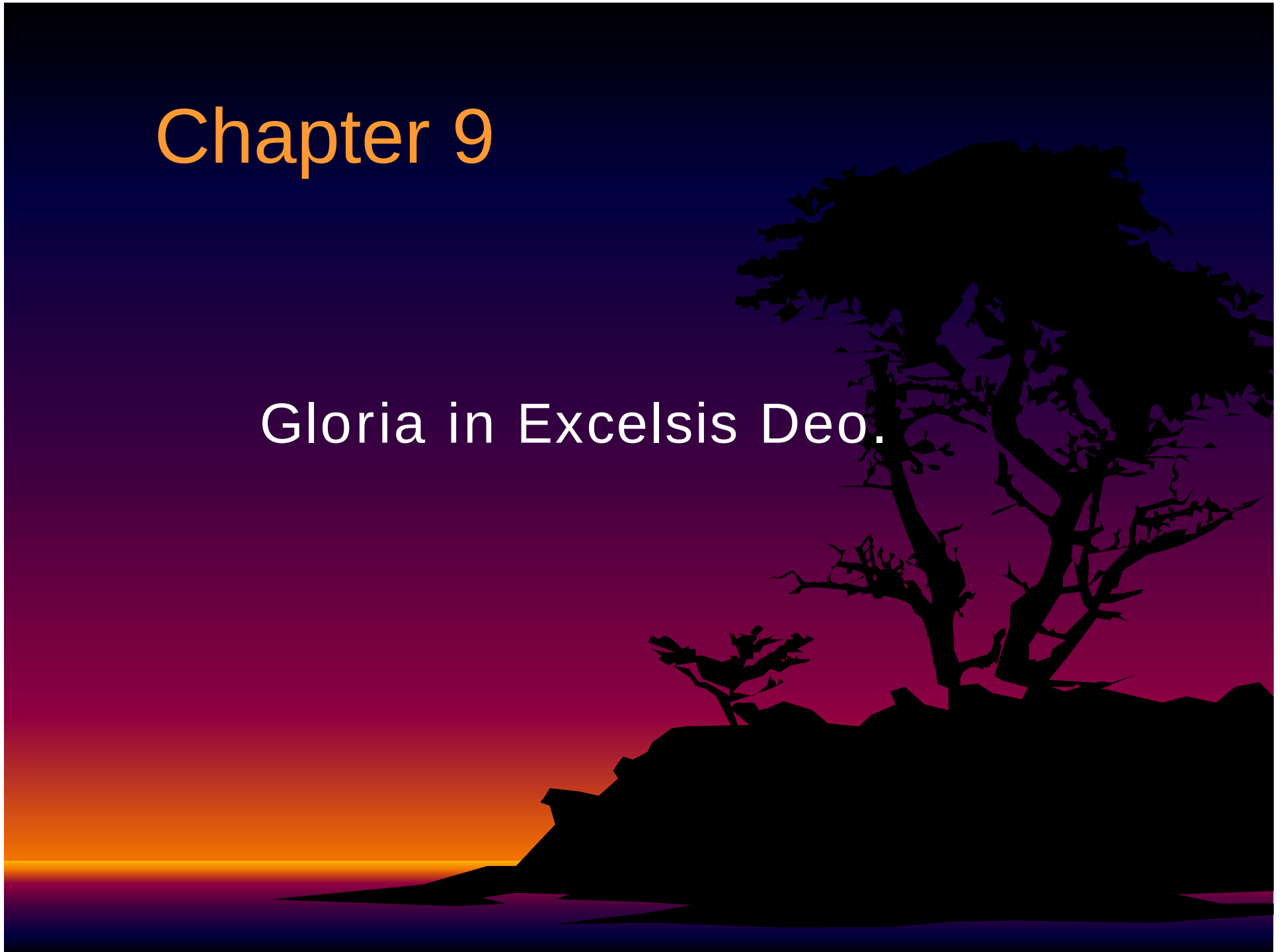


Chapter 9



Chapter 9

Gloria in Excelsis Deo.



Adjectives

Adjectives modify nouns.

- Adjectives may be used as nouns.
- Adjectives agree with their noun in number, gender, and case.

Vocabulary

Masculine Feminine Neuter

albus

altus

amicus

beatus

bonus

defessus

alba

alta

amica

beata

bona

defessa

album

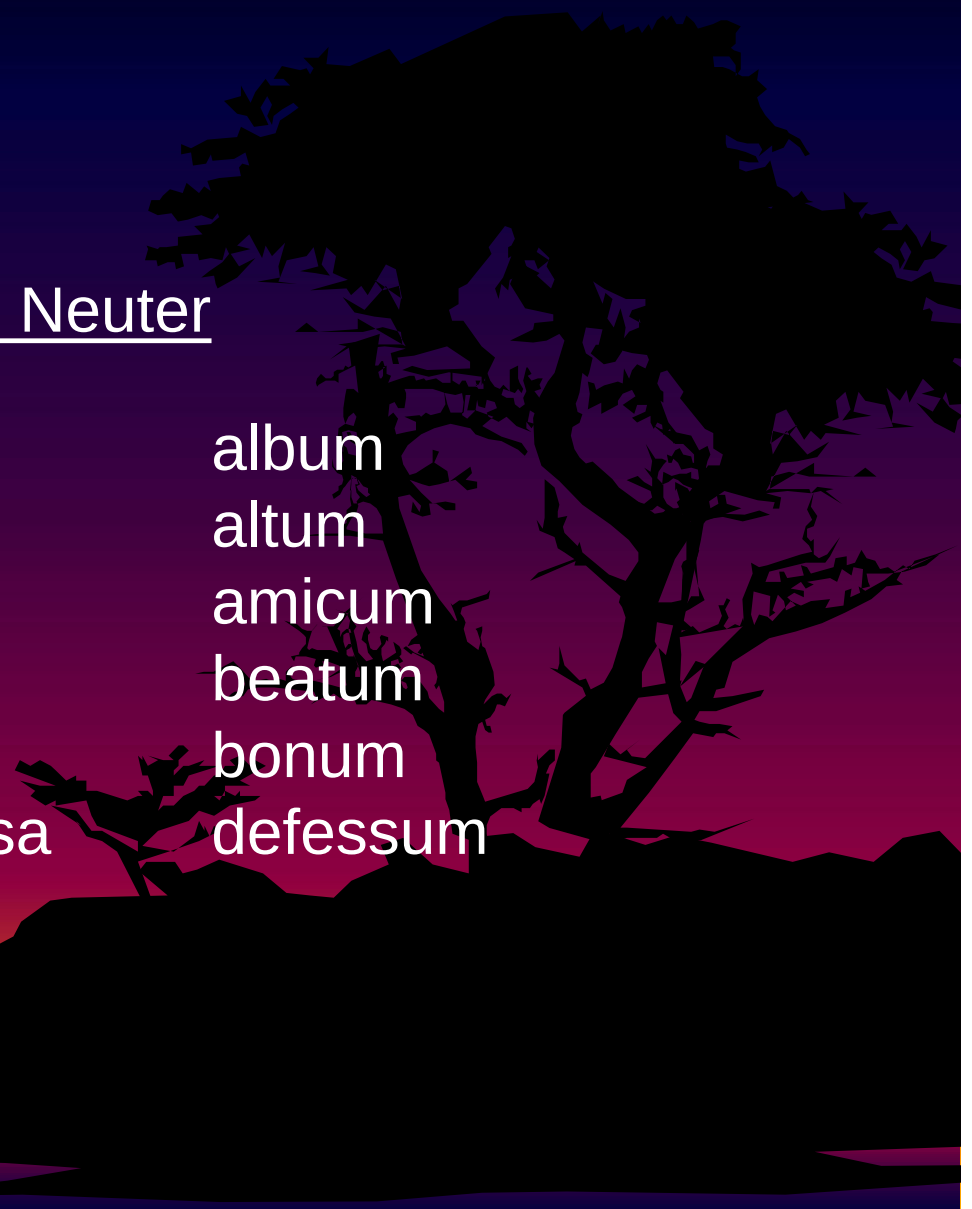
altum

amicum

beatum

bonum

defessum



Vocabulary

Masculine Feminine Neuter

ferus

fera

ferum

gratus

grata

gratum

inimicus

inimica

inimicum

latus

lata

latum

liber

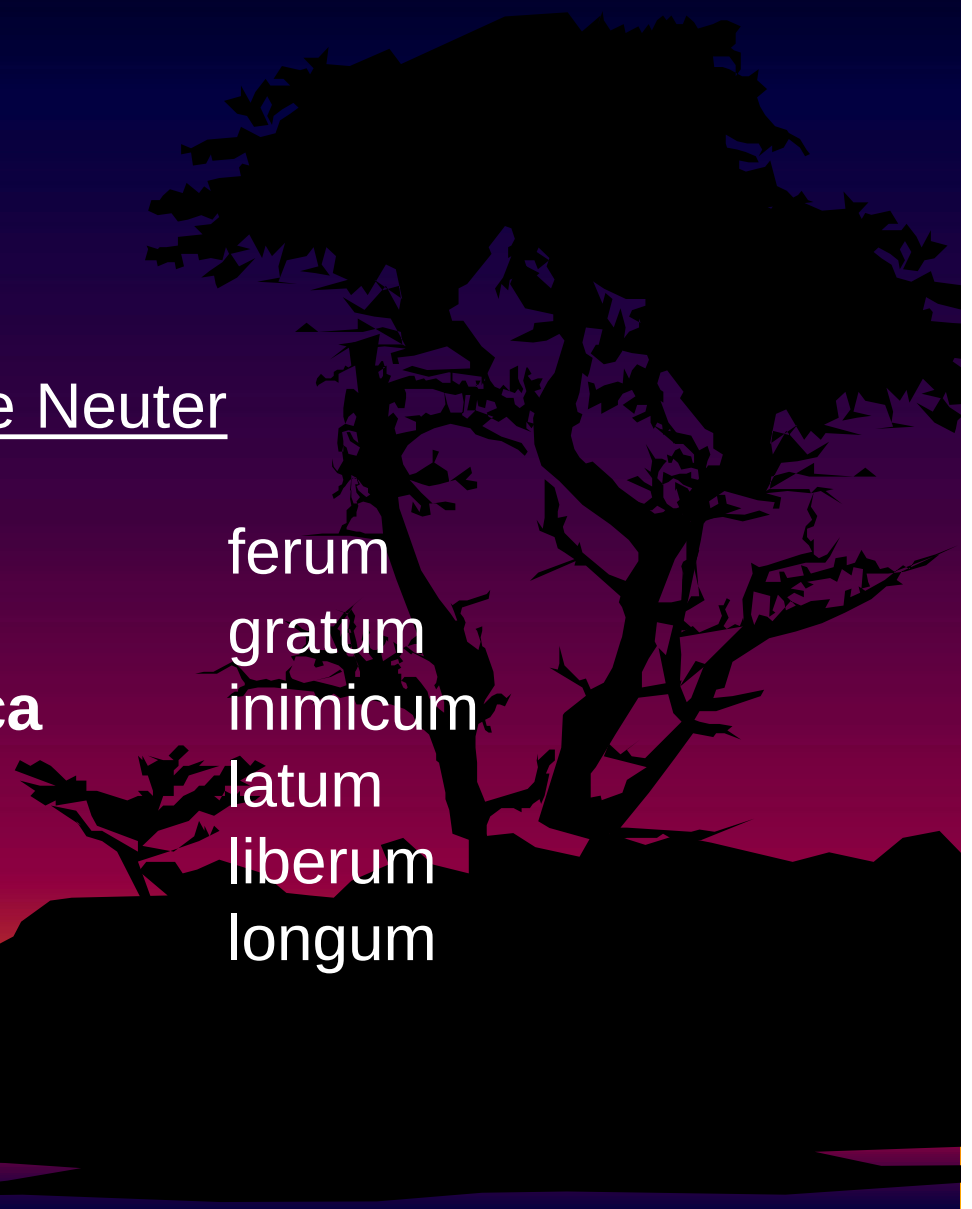
libera

liberum

longus

longa

longum



Vocabulary

Masculine Feminine Neuter

magnus

malus

medius

meus

miser

multus

magna

mala

media

mea

misera

multa

magnum

malum

medium

meum

miserum

multum

Vocabulary

Masculine Feminine Neuter

niger

noster

novus

paratus

parvus

proximus

nigra

nostra

nova

parata

parva

proxima

nigrum

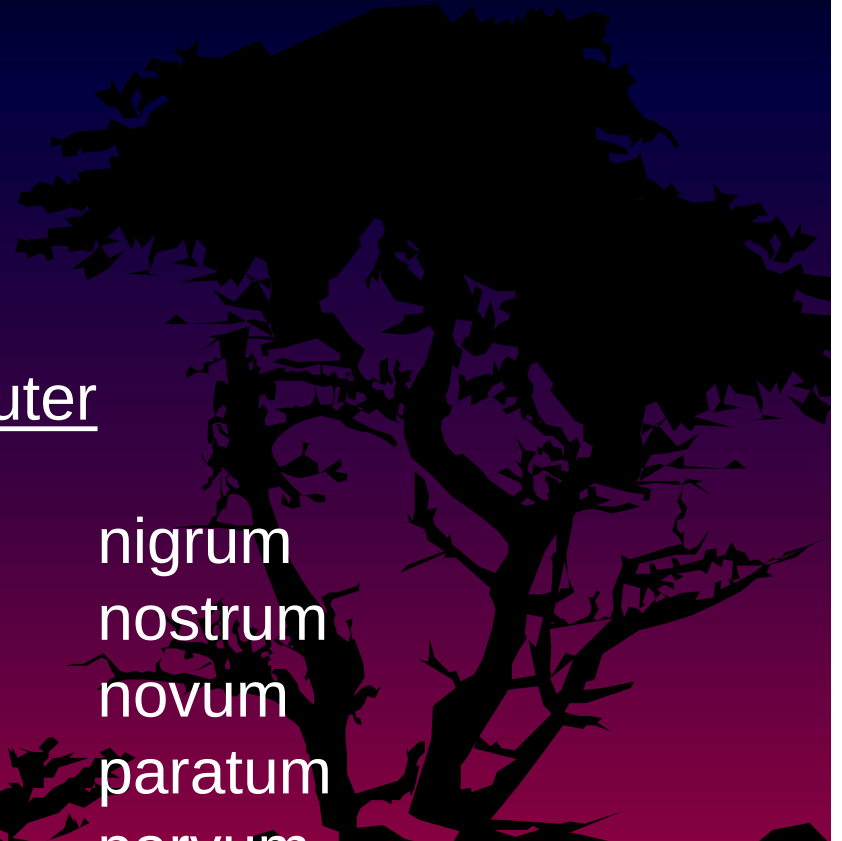
nostrum

novum

paratum

parvum

proximum



Vocabulary

Masculine Feminine Neuter

pulcher

purus

sacer

sanctus

suus

tuus

pulchra

pura

sacra

sancta

sua

tua

pulchrum

purum

sacrum

sanctum

suum

tuum

Vocabulary

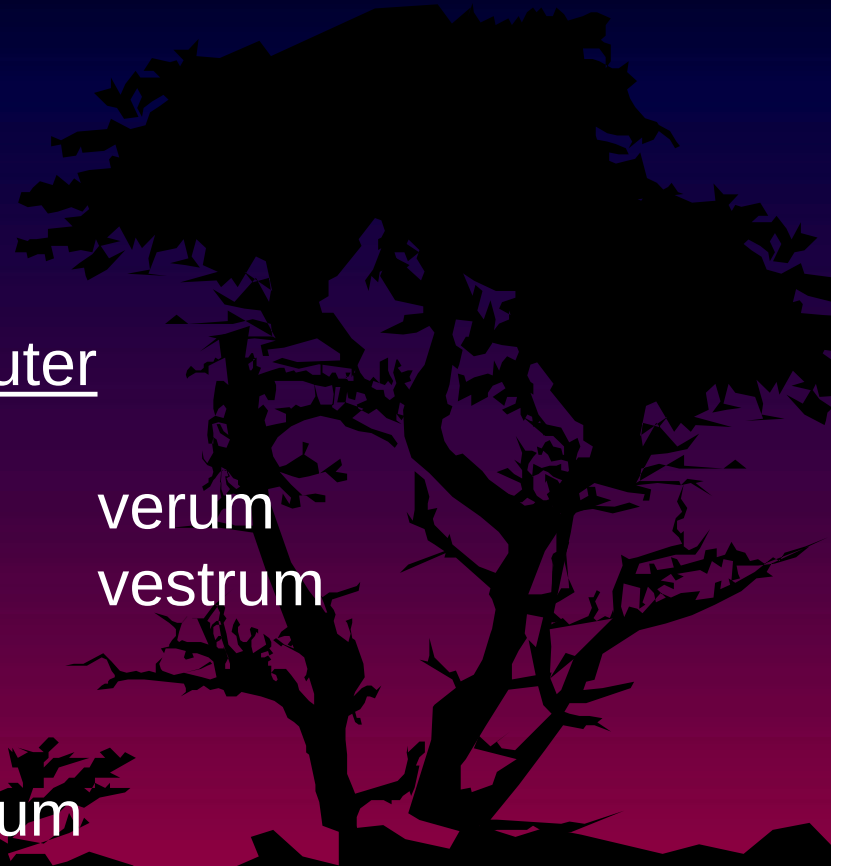
Masculine Feminine Neuter

verus
vester

vera
vestra

verum
vestrum

ego, mei
nos, nostrum
tu, tui
vos, vestrum



Ablative Case

Means or Instrument.

What is *used* to do something?



Personal Pronouns

ego

mei

mihi

me

me

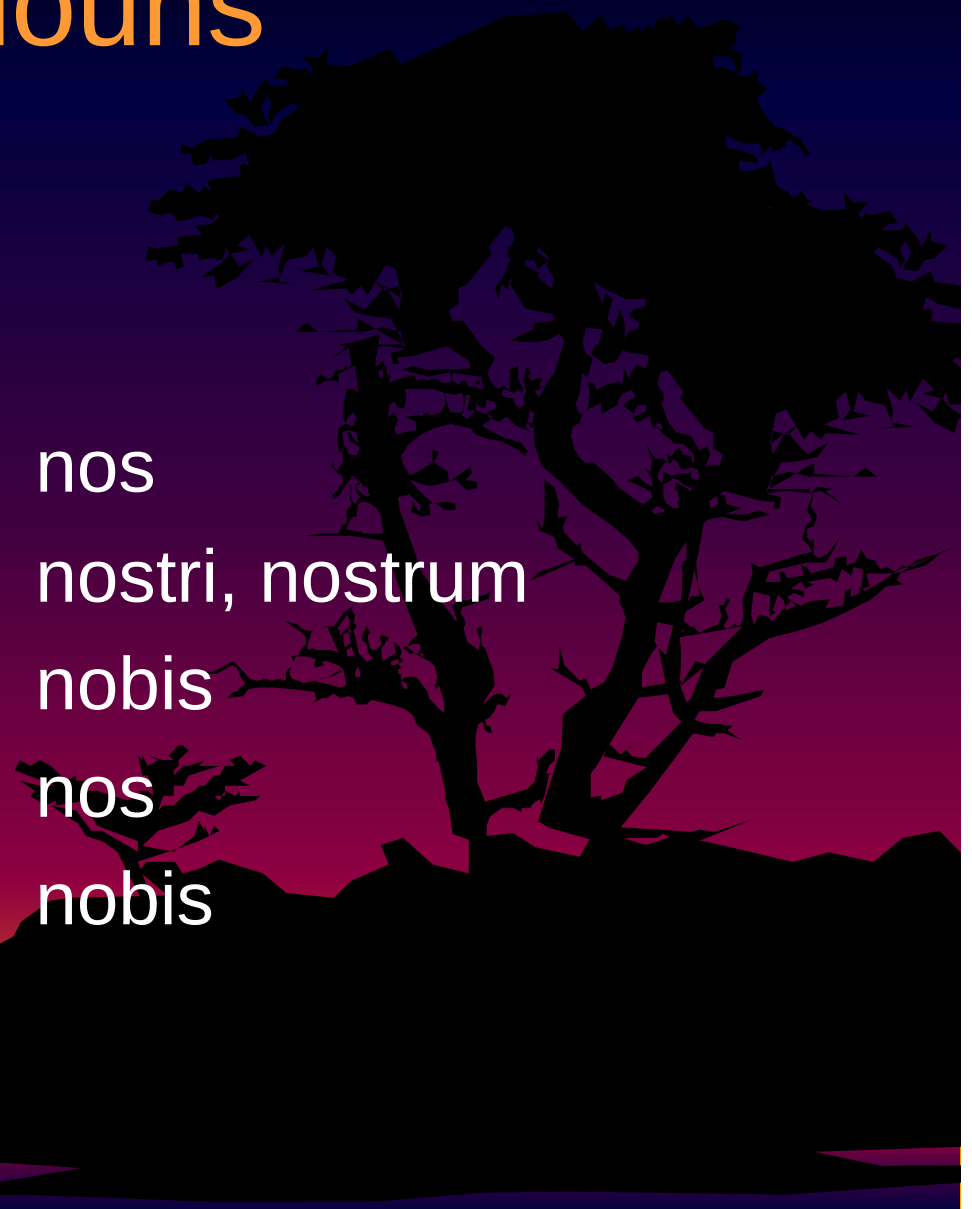
nos

nostri, nostrum

nobis

nos

nobis



Personal Pronouns

tu

tui

tibi

te

te

vos

vestri, vestrum

vobis

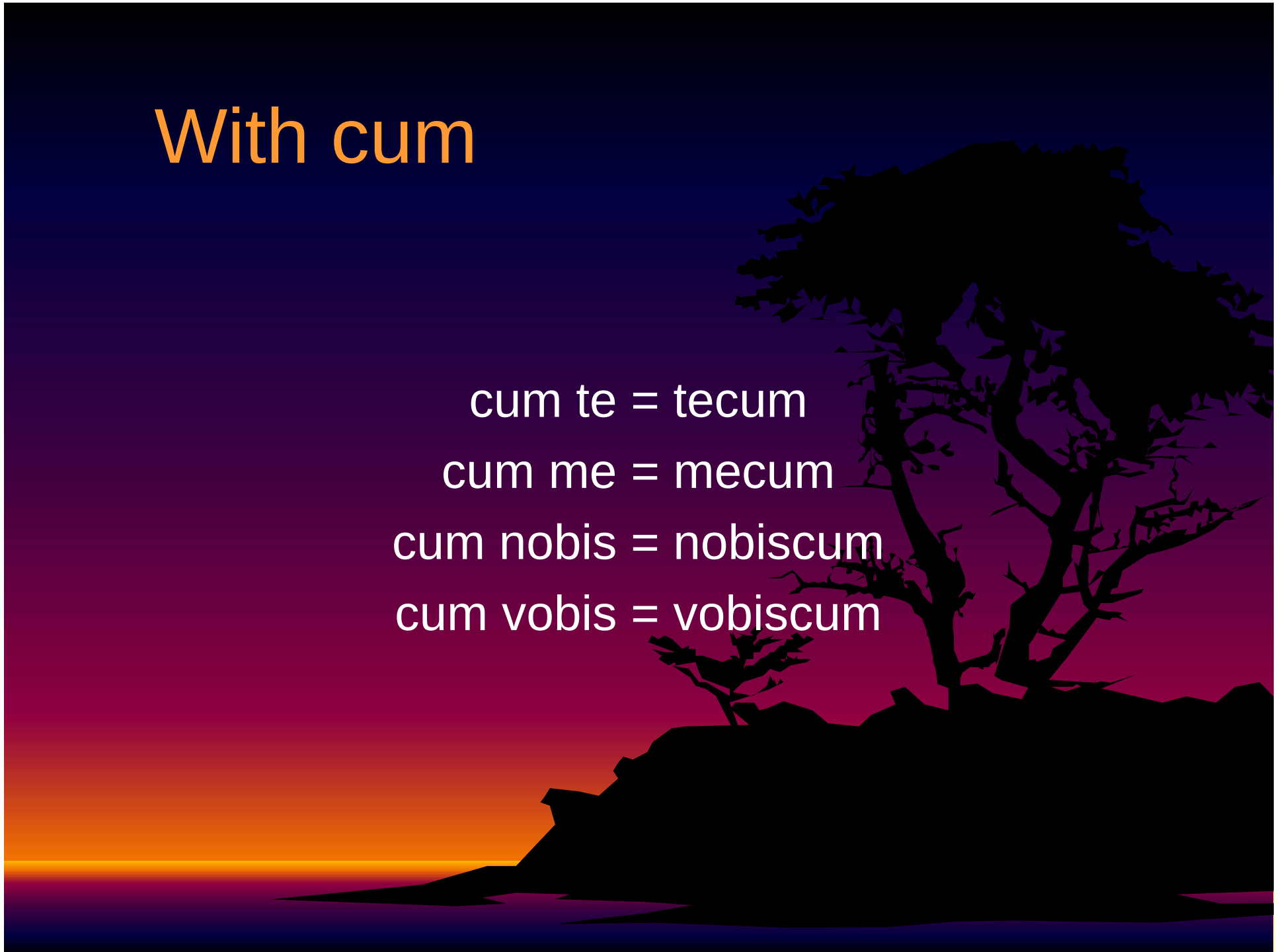
vos

vobis



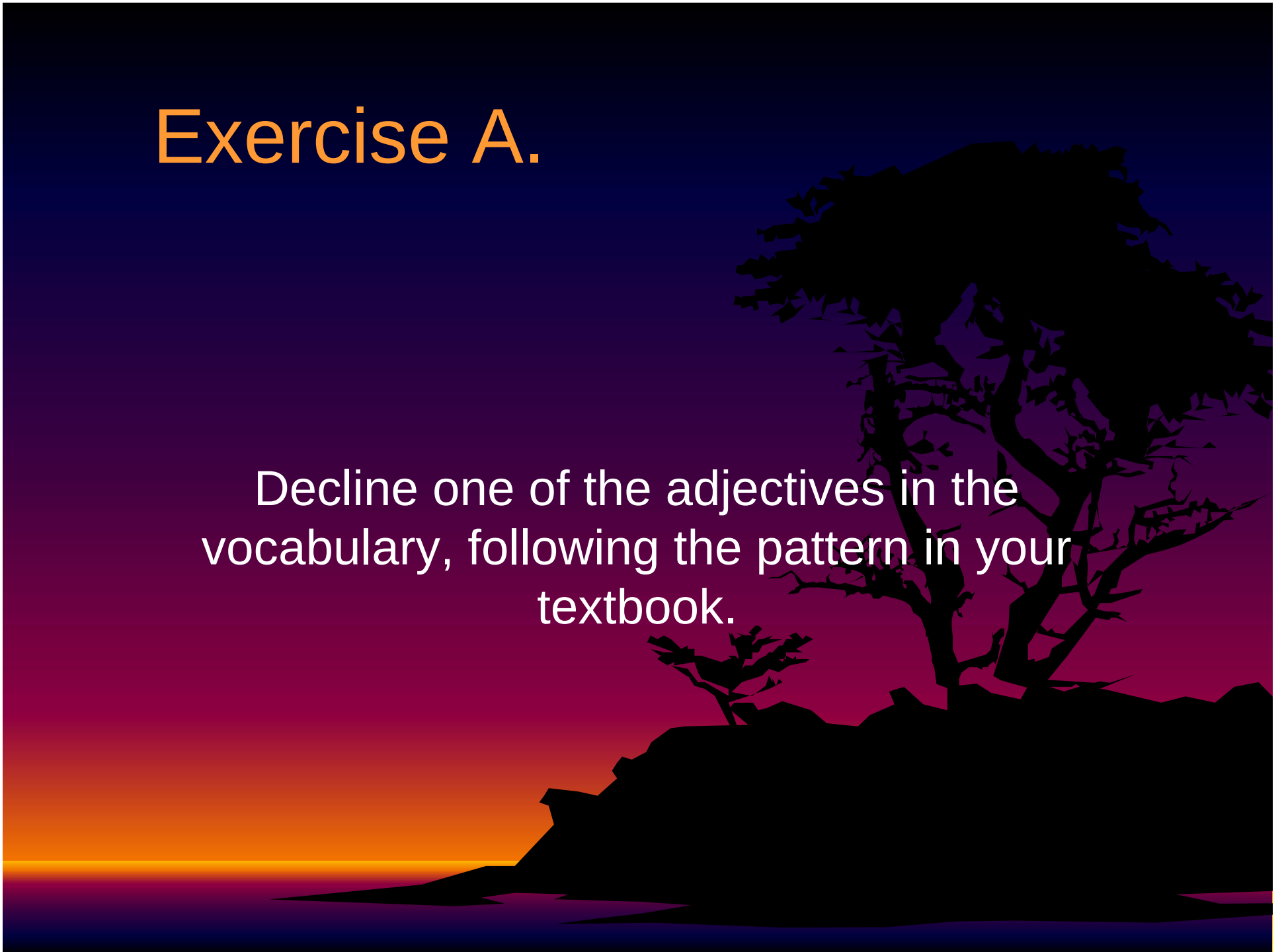
With cum

cum te = tecum
cum me = mecum
cum nobis = nobiscum
cum vobis = vobiscum



Exercise A.

Decline one of the adjectives in the vocabulary, following the pattern in your textbook.



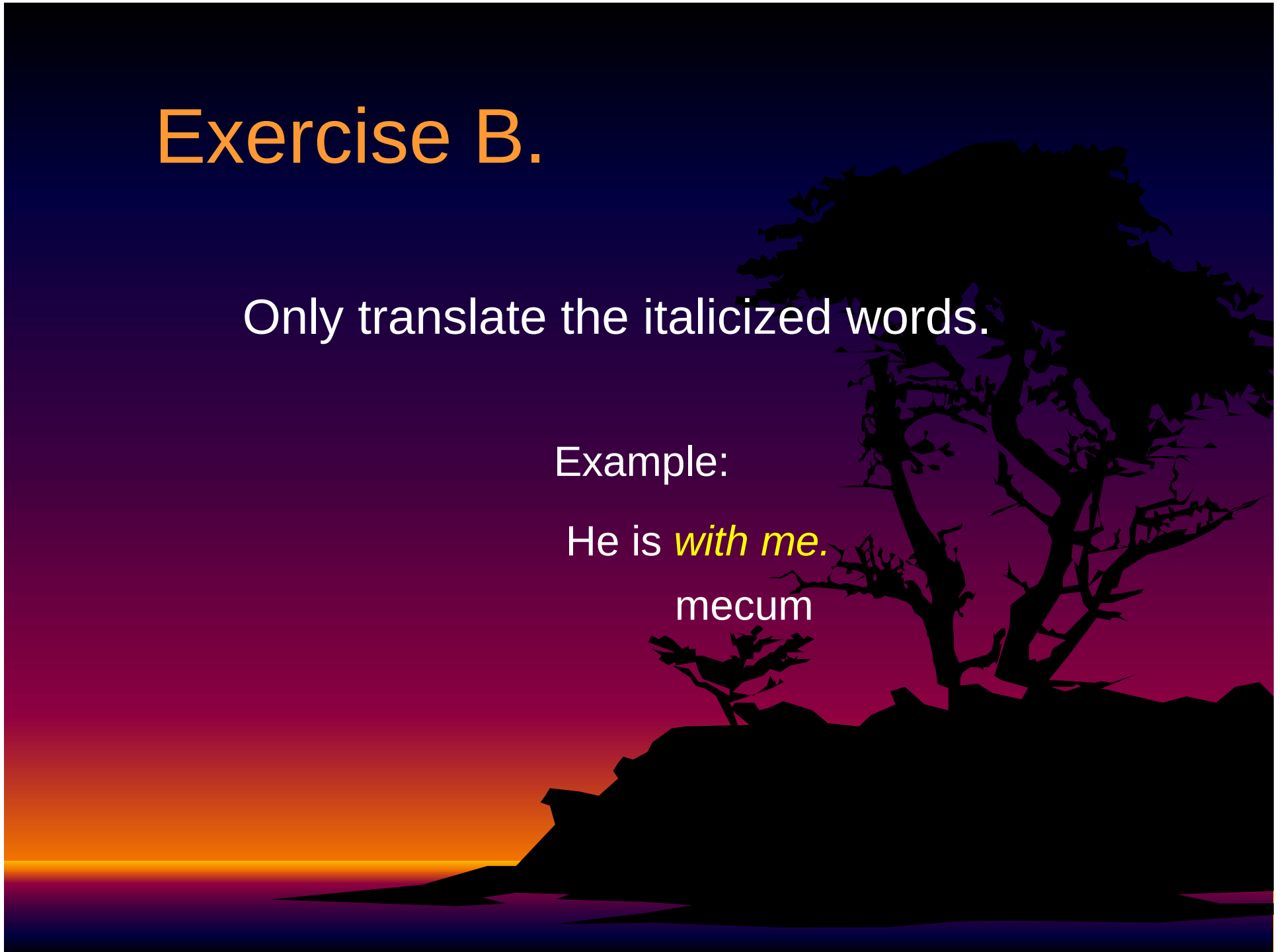
Exercise B.

Only translate the italicized words.

Example:

He is *with me*.

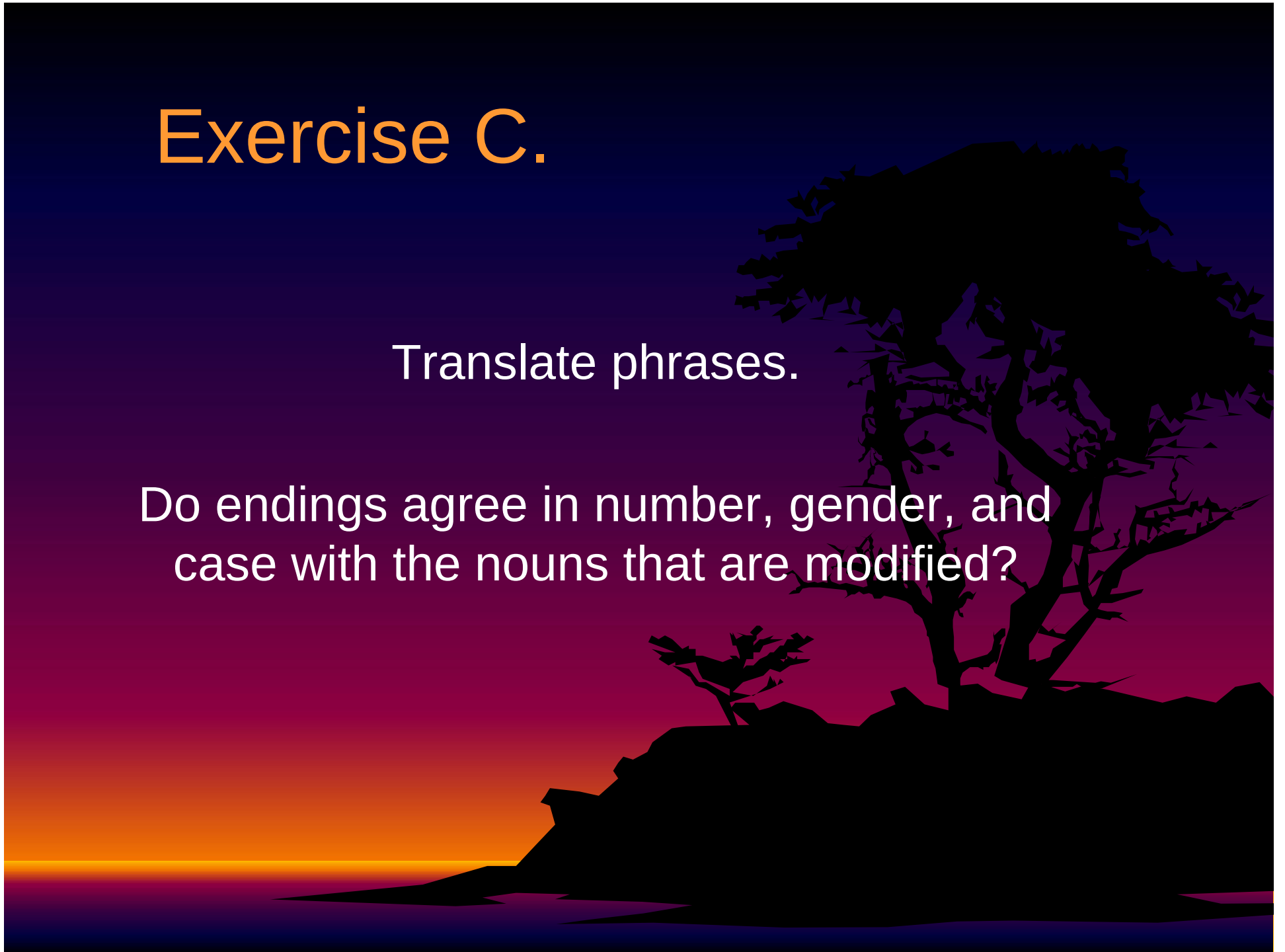
mecum



Exercise C.

Translate phrases.

Do endings agree in number, gender, and case with the nouns that are modified?



Exercise D.

Mark these sentences and translate.

nom.sg.fem.

2/pl.

6. The neighboring handmaiden and you are

nom.pl. fem.

true friends, aren't you?

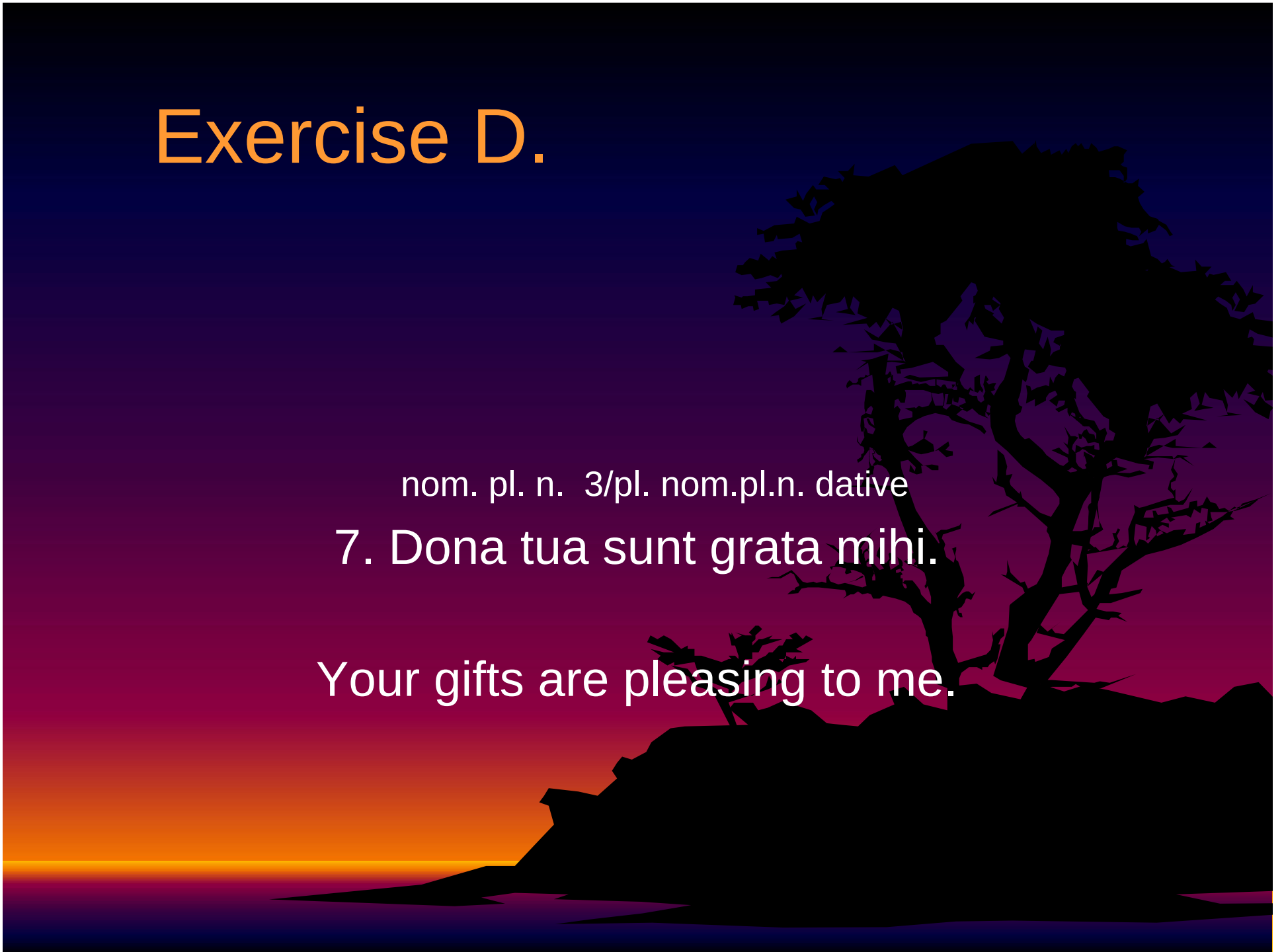
Nonne proxima ancilla et estis verae amicae?

Exercise D.

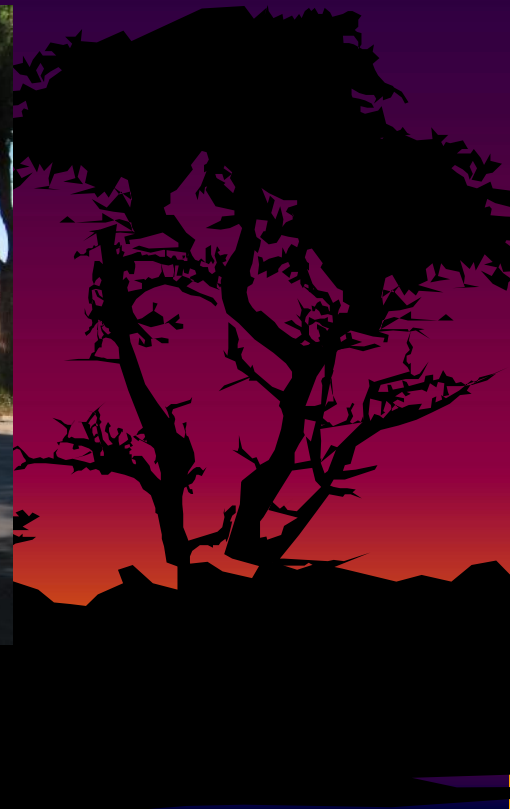
nom. pl. n. 3/pl. nom.pl.n. dative

7. Dona tua sunt grata mihi.

Your gifts are pleasing to me.



The Appian Way



Romanae Viae

Sunt multae viae (ad) Romam. Viae conveniunt Romae. Viae sunt Via Appia et Via Aurelia et Via Flaminia et Via Latina et Via Ostiensis et Via Tivolia et Via Tusculia.

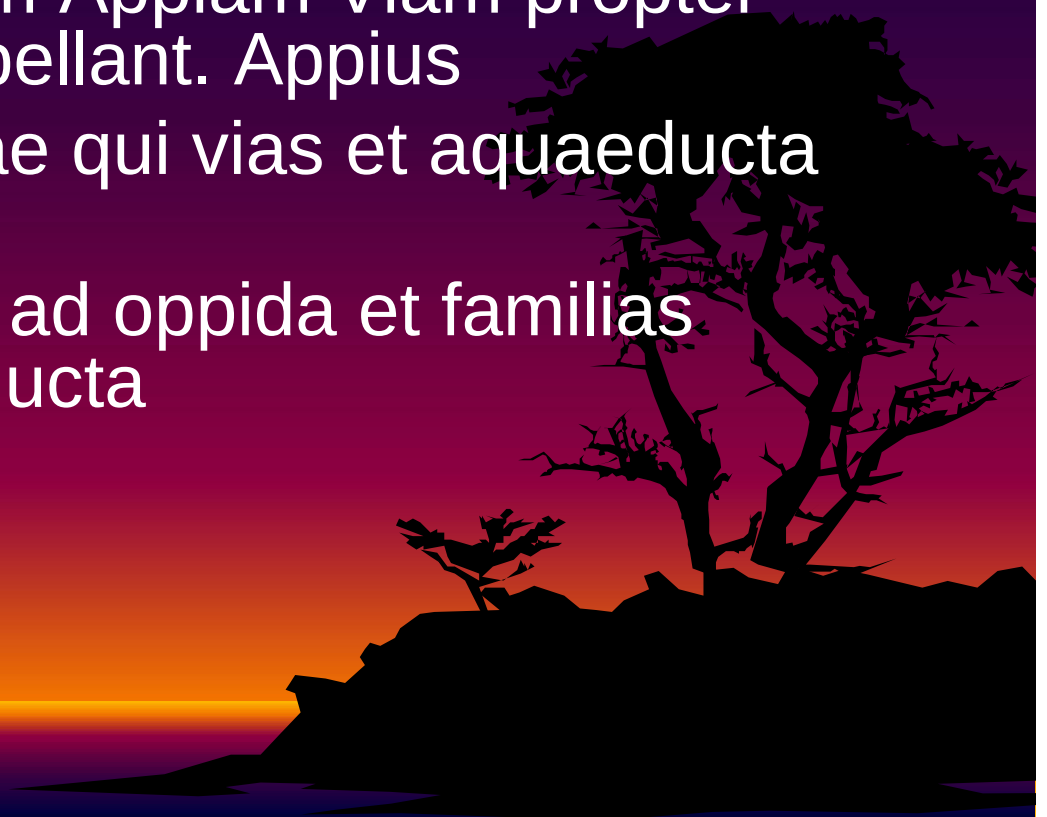
Via Ostiensis ducit ad oppidum Ostiam.

Est occidentale Romae et portus pro Romanis navibus. Via Tivolia est via ad Tivoliam, oppidum orientali Romae.

Romanae Viae

Romani nonnullas vias appellant nominibus notorum. Via Appia est magna via (ad) Romam. Romani viam Appiam Viam propter Appium Claudium appellant. Appius Claudius est vir Romae qui vias et aquaeducta aedificavit.

Aquaeducta aquam ad oppida et familias portant. Multa aquaeducta in Appiā Viā sunt.



Romanae Viae

Via Flaminia est via ab oppido Vercellis quae est in septentrionali. Fidelii familia iter facit in Via Flaminia. Familia magnum numerum agricolarum qui per Viam Flaminiam habitant spectat. Multi agricolae in via ambulant et frumentum carris portant. Amicos salutant.

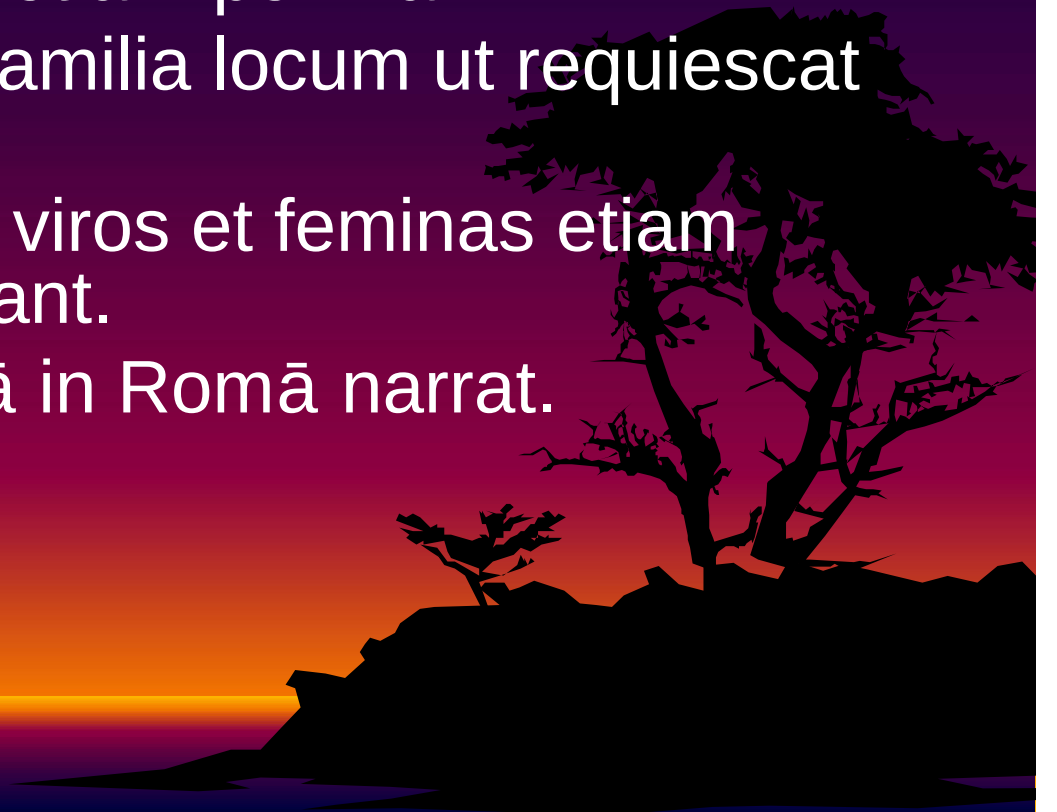


Romanae Viae

Aquila et Clara et puellae iam ambulant inter raedas et carros. Puellae cantant dum ambulant. Multos qui etiam per viam ambulant spectant. Familia locum ut requiescat ad viam invenit.

Sedere et spectare viros et feminas etiam ambulantes in viā amant.

Aquila fabulam de vitā in Romā narrat.



Romanae Viae

Raedae Fidelium et familiam ad insulam in Via
Flaminia portant. Vita est bona Fidelio et
familiae. Sunt beati!

