

Name _____ Date _____

Test Eight to be taken after the completion of Chapter Sixteen.

Grammar Review.

1. Adverbs can be formed by changing the **-us** ending of an adjective to an **-e**. Another way to form an adverb from a 3rd declension adjective is to add **-ter** or **-iter** to the base of the adjective.
2. If a word tells *how*, what part of speech is it? *An adverb*
3. If you are comparing three or more adverbs, which is used: the positive, the comparative, or the superlative? *The superlative*
4. Give the very literal translation of this phrase: **multo facilius**. *Easier by much*

Decline either **atrium** or **fluctus** completely.

(atrium)

5. Nom. *atrium* *atria*
6. Gen. *atri* *atriorum*
7. Dat. *atrio* *atriis*
8. Acc. *atrium* *atria*
9. Abl. *atrio* *atriis*

(fluctus)

5. Nom. *fluctus* *fluctus*
6. Gen. *fluctus* *fluctuum*
7. Dat. *fluctui* *fluctibus*
8. Acc. *fluctum* *fluctus*
9. Abl. *fluctu* *fluctibus*

Conjugate **scribo** in the present tense, active voice only.

10. scribo scribimus

11. scribis scribitis

12. scribit scribunt

Conjugate **videor** in the present tense only.

13. videor videmur

14. videris videmini

15. videtur videntur

Give a synopsis of **reporto** in the 2nd person plural, active and passive voices.

	ACTIVE VOICE	PASSIVE VOICE
16. Present	<u>reportatis</u>	<u>reportamini</u>
17. Imperfect	<u>reportabatis</u>	<u>reportabamini</u>
18. Future	<u>reportabitis</u>	<u>reportabimini</u>
19. Perfect	<u>reportavistis</u>	<u>reportati estis</u>
20. Pluperfect	<u>reportaveratis</u>	<u>reportati eratis</u>
21. Future Perfect	<u>reportaveritis</u>	<u>reportati eritis</u>

Comparisons.

Put the positive, comparative, and superlative forms of these adverbs into their Latin forms.

	POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
22. swiftly	<u>celere</u>	<u>celerius</u>	<u>celerrime</u>
23. easily	<u>facile</u>	<u>facilius</u>	<u>facillime</u>
24. often	<u>saepe</u>	<u>saepius</u>	<u>saepissime</u>
25. beautifully	<u>pulchre</u>	<u>pulchrius</u>	<u>pulcherrime</u>

Vocabulary Work

Translate.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| 26. for the longest time | <u>diutissime</u> |
| 27. most well, very well, best | <u>optime</u> |
| 28. more badly, worse | <u>peius</u> |
| 29. still, up to this time | <u>adhuc</u> |
| 30. more | <u>magis</u> |
| 31. almost | <u>paene</u> |
| 32. from all sides | <u>undique</u> |
| 33. greatly | <u>magnopere</u> |

Translate these phrases or idioms.

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| 34. multo die | <u>late in the day</u> |
| 35. Mille passus | <u>a mile, a thousand paces</u> |
| 36. Milia passuum | <u>miles, thousands of paces</u> |
| 37. quam fortissime | <u>as bravely as possible</u> |
| 38. prima luce | <u>at dawn, at first light</u> |
| 39. magis idoneus | <u>more suitable</u> |
| 40. Minus facile | <u>less easily</u> |
| 41. multo facilius | <u>easier by much, more easily</u> |
| 42. maxime aureus | <u>the most golden</u> |

Bible

43. What does the word *Bethlehem* mean? house of bread
44. Name two of the three things man has authority over. The animals and birds, sheep and cows, and all the earth.

Extra Credit: Translate.

45. Qui non noverat peccatum, pro nobis peccatum se fecit. He who had not known sin made himself sin for us.