

Name _____ Date _____

Test Eight to be taken after the completion of Chapter Sixteen.

Grammar Review.

1. Adverbs can be formed by changing the **-us** ending of an adjective to an **-e**. Another way to form an adverb from a 3rd declension adjective is to add _____ or _____ to the base of the adjective.
2. If a word tells *how*, what part of speech is it? _____
3. If you are comparing three or more adverbs, which is used: the positive, the comparative, or the superlative? _____

If a word is an adverb in one sentence, may it be used as a preposition in another?

4. Give the very literal translation of this phrase: **multo facilius**.

5. Decline either **atrium** or **fluctus** completely.

5. Nom. _____

6. Gen. _____

7. Dat. _____

8. Acc. _____

9. Abl. _____

Conjugate **scribo** in the present tense, active voice only.

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

Conjugate **videor** in the present tense only.

13. _____

14. _____

15. _____

Give a synopsis of **reporto** in the 2nd person plural, active and passive voices.

	ACTIVE VOICE	PASSIVE VOICE
16. Present	_____	_____
17. Imperfect	_____	_____
18. Future	_____	_____
19. Perfect	_____	_____
20. Pluperfect	_____	_____
21. Future Perfect	_____	_____

Comparisons.

Put the positive, comparative, and superlative forms of these adverbs into their Latin forms.

	POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
22. swiftly	_____	_____	_____
23. easily	_____	_____	_____
24. often	_____	_____	_____
25. beautifully	_____	_____	_____

Vocabulary Work

Translate.

26. for the longest time	_____
27. most well, very well, best	_____
28. more badly, worse	_____
29. still, up to this time	_____
30. more	_____
31. almost	_____
32. from all sides	_____
33. greatly	_____

Translate these phrases or idioms.

34. multo die _____

35. mille passus _____

36. milia passuum _____

37. quam fortissime _____

38. prima luce _____

39. magis idoneus _____

40. Minus facile _____

41. multo facilius _____

42. maxime aureus _____

Bible

43. What does the word *Bethlehem* mean? _____

44. Name two of the three things man has authority over.

Extra Credit: Translate.

45. Qui non noverat peccatum, pro nobis peccatum se fecit.
